

Joseph Smith Rough Stone Rolling

Understanding Joseph Smith: Rough Stone Rolling

For decades, the historical figure of Joseph Smith Jr., the founding prophet of The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (often referred to as the Mormon Church), has been a subject of intense debate, devotion, and scholarly scrutiny. Few biographies have managed to capture the complexity of this American religious leader as comprehensively as Richard Lyman Bushman's landmark work, *Joseph Smith: Rough Stone Rolling*. Published in 2005 by Alfred A. Knopf, this biography quickly became a touchstone for both faithful members and academic historians seeking a balanced, deeply researched, and engaging portrayal of a man who remains one of the most enigmatic figures in American religious history. The title itself—a metaphor drawn from one of Smith's own sermons—sets the stage for a narrative that does not shy away from the roughness, the friction, and the ultimately polished product of a life lived under immense pressure and divine purpose. This article will explore the significance of the **Joseph Smith Rough Stone Rolling** biography, unpack its central metaphor, examine its key themes, and explain why it remains an essential read for anyone seeking a deeper understanding of the Latter-day Saint movement and its founder.

The Central Metaphor: The Rough Stone Rolling

The title of Bushman's biography is itself a powerful interpretive key. It is taken from a sermon Joseph Smith delivered in Nauvoo, Illinois, near the end of his life. In this discourse, Smith reflected on his own experiences, stating, "I am like a rough stone rolling down from a high mountain; and the only polishing I get is when some corner gets rubbed off by coming in contact with something else, striking with accelerated force against religious bigotry, priestcraft, lawyer-craft, doctor-craft, lying editors, suborned judges and jurors, and the authority of perjured executives, backed by mobs."

This is not the image of a perfect, flawless prophet. Instead, it is the image of a dynamic, unfinished, and often turbulent process. The rough stone is raw material, full of potential but lacking refinement. The rolling and the collisions are not pleasant; they are abrasive and painful. Yet, it is precisely through this relentless friction—criticism, persecution, legal battles, and internal dissent—that the stone is shaped and polished. Bushman perfectly captures this tension. He presents Joseph Smith not as a saintly icon who never faltered, but as a charismatic, creative, and sometimes flawed human being who was simultaneously a vehicle for profound religious innovation. The **Joseph Smith Rough Stone Rolling** metaphor allows the reader to hold two seemingly contradictory ideas in tension: Smith was a genuine prophet of God, and he was also a product of his time, with all the cultural, economic, and personal entanglements that entailed. This framing is what makes the book so revolutionary for its time and so enduring in its value.

Richard Lyman Bushman: A Scholar of Faith and History

To understand the impact of the book, one must first understand its author. Richard Lyman Bushman is a distinguished American historian and professor emeritus at Columbia University. He is also a devout, practicing Mormon. This combination of academic rigor and personal faith gives *Rough Stone Rolling* a unique voice. Bushman is not an apologist in the traditional sense; he does not seek to defend every action of Joseph Smith. Instead, he applies the tools of a professional historian—archival research, source criticism, and contextual analysis—while writing from a posture of deep respect and belief.

This approach was groundbreaking. Before **Joseph Smith Rough Stone Rolling**, many biographies of Smith fell into one of two camps: hagiographies written by faithful members that ignored or downplayed difficult topics, or critical exposes written by detractors that dismissed his claims outright. Bushman's work charted a middle path, sometimes called a "faithful history." He acknowledges the miracles—the First Vision, the translation of the Book of Mormon, the restoration of the priesthood—as events that Smith and his followers genuinely experienced. Yet, he also dedicates significant space to the controversies: the treasure-digging culture of early 19th-century New England, the fraught introduction of plural marriage, the financial failures of the Kirtland Safety Society, and the authoritarian turn in Nauvoo. By refusing to sanitize the story, Bushman makes Smith's religious achievements all the more remarkable. The rough stone, for all its flaws, becomes a compelling subject precisely because of the friction it endured.

Key Themes in the Biography

Bushman's narrative is rich and multi-layered, but several key themes stand out as essential to understanding Joseph Smith through the lens of **Joseph Smith Rough Stone Rolling**.

The First Vision and the Quest for Religious Authority

The book opens with Smith's early life in the "Burned-Over District" of western New York, a region inflamed by religious revivalism. Bushman meticulously reconstructs the cultural and familial context that shaped young Joseph. He does not dismiss Smith's First Vision as a mere product of his environment but presents it as a genuinely disruptive, transformative event. The vision—in which God the Father and Jesus Christ appeared to the 14-year-old boy—was not just a personal comfort; it was a direct challenge to the established religious order. Bushman shows how this experience laid the foundation for Smith's lifelong conviction that he possessed unique authority from heaven, an authority that was repeatedly challenged and tested by the rough rolling of his life.

The Translation of the Book of Mormon

A central pillar of Smith's prophetic claim is the Book of Mormon, which he said was translated from ancient gold plates through the power of God. Bushman handles this topic with a careful balance of faith and skepticism. He explores the mechanics of the translation process, including the use of seer stones and the Urim and Thummim, without providing a naturalistic explanation. Instead, he focuses on what the book meant to Smith and his followers. Bushman argues that the Book of Mormon is a profoundly American text, grappling with issues of religious freedom, war, wealth, and the destiny of the Native American peoples. The translation process itself, often chaotic and public, was another form of polishing. Smith had to defend his claims against mockery and disbelief, which only sharpened his resolve and deepened the commitment of his earliest followers.

The Contours of a New Society

One of the most compelling aspects of **Joseph Smith Rough Stone Rolling** is its focus on Smith as a builder of communities. He was not just a seer; he was a city planner, a temple builder, a militia leader, and a political candidate. Bushman traces the movement of the Latter-day Saints from New York to Ohio, then to Missouri, and finally to Illinois, where Smith founded the city of Nauvoo. Each move was driven by persecution, but each location also became a laboratory for Smith's radical religious and social ideas. The culmination was Nauvoo, a city that rivaled Chicago in size and complexity. Here, Smith introduced temple ordinances, secret councils, and the controversial practice of plural marriage. Bushman does not flinch from these difficult topics. He presents the economic problems of the Kirtland Safety Society as a financial disaster for many members, and he explores the deep pain and complexity of plural marriage, including Smith's own marriages to women who were already married to other men. The rough stone was being shaped by human ambition, divine command, and the messy realities of community building.

Persecution and Martyrdom

The theme of persecution runs throughout the narrative. From the tarring and feathering in Hiram, Ohio, to the extermination order in Missouri, Bushman shows how Smith and his followers were repeatedly the targets of mob violence. This persecution was not just a source of suffering; it was, in Smith's view, a necessary part of the polishing process. The final act of persecution came in Carthage, Illinois, where Joseph Smith and his brother Hyrum were killed by a mob in 1844. Bushman's account of the martyrdom is moving and detailed, emphasizing the courage and resignation of Smith in his final hours. The martyrdom, in some ways, was the final collision that completed the rough stone's journey. It sealed Smith's prophetic legacy and transformed him from a controversial leader into a martyr for his faith.

The Legacy and Impact of Rough Stone Rolling

Since its publication, **Joseph Smith Rough Stone Rolling** has had a profound impact on Mormon studies and on the broader Latter-day Saint community. For many faithful readers, the book provided a language and a framework to openly discuss the historical complexities of their faith. It normalized the idea that a prophet could be imperfect, that revelation could

be messy, and that faith could coexist with historical inquiry. For academic historians, it set a new standard for biographical writing about religious figures. The book won numerous awards, including the Best Book in Mormon History from the Mormon History Association, and it remains a standard text in university courses on American religion.

Bushman's work also contributed to a broader cultural shift within Mormonism. The Internet age brought with it a wave of historical information that was sometimes difficult for believers to process. *Rough Stone Rolling* served as a trusted guide, offering a version of Joseph Smith's life that was honest about the challenges while remaining anchored in faith. It allowed many believers to say, "I know my history is complicated, and I can learn about it without losing my faith." This is perhaps the book's most enduring achievement. It demonstrated that a deep dive into the rough edges of a life can actually strengthen, rather than weaken, one's appreciation for the whole.

Why "Rough Stone Rolling" Remains Essential Reading

Nearly two decades after its publication, **Joseph Smith Rough Stone Rolling** remains the most authoritative single-volume biography of Joseph Smith. It is essential reading for several reasons:

- **Comprehensive Scope:** The book covers Smith's entire life with remarkable depth, from his childhood in Vermont to his death in Carthage. No major event is glossed over.
- **Balanced Perspective:** Bushman's approach of "faithful history" allows the book to be read profitably by both believers and skeptics. It respects the sacred while acknowledging the factual.
- **Cultural Context:** The biography is as much a history of early 19th-century America as it is a biography of one man. It illuminates the religious, economic, and social forces that shaped Smith and his movement.
- **Narrative Power:** Bushman is an excellent writer. The story of Joseph Smith is compelling on its own, but Bushman's prose elevates it, making the book a genuine page-turner for anyone interested in American history or religious biography.

Conclusion

In *Joseph Smith: Rough Stone Rolling*, Richard Lyman Bushman achieved something truly remarkable. He took a figure often shrouded in either hagiographic light or critical shadow and presented him as a living, breathing, complex human being. The central metaphor of the rough stone rolling down a mountain captures the essence of Smith's life: a journey marked by constant friction, painful collisions, and eventual polishing. Smith did not emerge from the journey as a perfect, smooth sphere. He emerged as a distinctive shape, deeply etched by the forces that opposed him, yet reflecting a brilliant light that continues to inspire millions.

For anyone seeking to understand the origins of the Latter-day Saint movement, or the life of one of America's most original and controversial religious figures, reading **Joseph Smith Rough Stone Rolling** is not just recommended—it is essential. It is a masterclass in how to write about faith, history, and the messy, glorious process of human and spiritual transformation.