

The First 90 Days Watkins

Mastering Your Leadership Transition: A Deep Dive into The First 90 Days Watkins

Few moments in a professional career are as critical—or as fraught with risk—as the start of a new role. Whether you have been promoted internally, hired into a different organization, or asked to turn around a struggling team, the initial months set the tone for everything that follows. The margin for error is razor-thin, and the stakes are high. This is precisely where Michael Watkins’ seminal work, **The First 90 Days Watkins**, becomes an indispensable guide. For more than a decade, this framework has helped countless leaders accelerate their transitions, build credibility, and deliver results faster. In this article, we will explore the core principles of the Watkins approach, break down the key phases of a successful transition, and offer practical strategies to apply in your own journey.

Why The First 90 Days Watkins Matters More Than Ever

Leadership transitions are inherently destabilizing. Research shows that nearly 40% of senior-level executives fail to meet expectations within their first 18 months, often derailing in the vulnerable early period. The first 90 days represent a unique window of opportunity when stakeholders are most open to change, and your reputation is still being formed. The **first 90 days Watkins** framework provides a structured roadmap to navigate this uncertainty. It emphasizes deliberate action over reaction, systematic learning over guesswork, and strategic relationship-building over quick wins. By internalizing these principles, you reduce the risk of common pitfalls such as moving too fast, alienating key allies, or misunderstanding the organizational culture.

The Five Core Principles of the Watkins Framework

Watkins distills his approach into several foundational concepts that underpin a successful transition. Understanding these pillars is essential before diving into the specific tasks of the first three months.

- **Promote Yourself:** Do not wait for others to define your role. Actively shape expectations and establish your authority from day one.
- **Accelerate Your Learning:** Treat the early weeks as a structured learning process. Understand the business, the politics, the culture, and the people.
- **Match Strategy to Situation:** Not all transitions are the same. Identify whether you are in a start-up, turnaround, realignment, or sustaining-success scenario, and adapt your approach accordingly.
- **Secure Early Wins:** Build momentum by achieving tangible, visible improvements that align with your long-term goals. Early wins create credibility and buy-in.
- **Create Alliances:** Cultivate a network of supporters, mentors, and key stakeholders who can provide guidance, resources, and political cover.

Breaking Down the 90-Day Timeline: A Week-by-Week Overview

Watkins divides the transition into distinct phases, each with its own focus and deliverables. While the exact pace can vary, the following structure provides a solid template for anyone following the **first 90 days Watkins** methodology.

Weeks 1-2: Preparation and First Impressions

Before you even set foot in the door, your transition has begun. Watkins emphasizes the importance of pre-entry preparation. Research the company’s history, financials, recent news, and key players. Develop a set of initial hypotheses about strengths, weaknesses, and opportunities. Once you start, the first two weeks are about listening, observing, and managing first impressions. Avoid making grand pronouncements. Instead, schedule one-on-one meetings with direct reports, peers, and your boss. Use these conversations to understand expectations, identify pain points, and begin building trust. During this phase, your primary goal is to learn—not to act.

Weeks 3-4: Accelerating Learning and Diagnosing the Situation

By week three, you should have a clearer picture of the context. Now is the time to systematize your learning. Create a structured learning agenda. Use the “STaRS” model—Start-up, Turnaround, Realignment, Sustaining Success—to categorize your new environment. Each situation demands a different leadership style. For example, a turnaround requires quick, decisive actions, while a sustaining-success scenario calls for incremental improvements and continuity. Watkins recommends conducting a “cultural audit” to understand the unwritten rules of the organization. Document your observations and test your hypotheses with trusted advisors.

Weeks 5-6: Securing Early Wins

With a solid understanding of the landscape, you are ready to secure your first victories. Early wins are not random achievements; they are strategically chosen initiatives that demonstrate your value, build confidence, and create momentum. Focus on areas where you can deliver results relatively quickly and visibly. This might involve streamlining a process, resolving a lingering customer complaint, or launching a small pilot project. Each win should align with the broader vision you are developing. Communicate these wins clearly to stakeholders, but also acknowledge the contributions of others. The goal is to establish a reputation as someone who listens, learns, and delivers.

Weeks 7-8: Building Your Team and Forging Alliances

No leader succeeds alone. By the second month, you must evaluate your team and invest in relationships. Watkins advises conducting a “team diagnostic”: assess each direct report’s strengths, weaknesses, and fit with your vision. Have difficult conversations early if performance issues exist. At the same time, expand your network beyond your immediate team. Cultivate relationships with peers in other departments, influential informal leaders, and external partners. These alliances will provide critical support when you face resistance or need resources. Use this period to define your leadership style and set clear expectations for how your team will operate.

Weeks 9-10: Creating a Coherent Strategy and Vision

By this point, you have enough information to articulate a clear vision and a 90-day plan for the next phase. Watkins emphasizes that a vision must be compelling, realistic, and aligned with organizational priorities. Share your strategic framework with your boss and key stakeholders to secure buy-in. This is also the time to communicate your “personal transition plan” to your team, explaining where you are taking the organization and why. Use a mix of formal presentations and informal conversations to ensure your message resonates. Avoid

overcomplicating your vision; simplicity and clarity win.

Weeks 11-12: Consolidating Gains and Looking Ahead

The final weeks of the 90-day period are about consolidation and momentum. Review what you have achieved, assess what is still pending, and adjust your approach based on feedback. This is also the moment to plan for the next 90 days. Watkins suggests conducting a “transition audit” with your mentor or boss to evaluate your performance and recalibrate expectations. Celebrate the wins, but maintain a sense of urgency. The first 90 days set the foundation, but sustained success requires continuous learning and adaptation. By the end of this period, you should have a solid reputation, a trusted network, and a clear direction.

Common Traps to Avoid During the First 90 Days

The **first 90 days Watkins** framework is as much about what to avoid as what to do. Leaders often stumble when they:

- **Come on too strong:** Overly directive behavior alienates the existing team and creates resistance.
- **Stay in analysis paralysis:** Excessive learning without action leads to lost momentum.
- **Neglect the informal organization:** Ignoring the political landscape can undermine even the best strategy.
- **Isolate themselves:** Working in a silo prevents you from building the alliances you will later need.
- **Fail to adapt to the situation:** Applying a one-size-fits-all playbook is a recipe for failure.

How to Apply The First 90 Days Watkins in Different Scenarios

Watkins’ methodology is flexible enough to apply across various contexts. For a newly promoted internal leader, the challenge is to shift from peer to boss. You must renegotiate relationships and establish new authority without appearing arrogant. For an external

hire, the focus is on building credibility quickly while navigating cultural nuances. In a turnaround scenario, speed is paramount—you may need to make tough decisions within the first month. In a start-up, the emphasis is on defining roles and processes from scratch. The key is to diagnose your situation honestly and tailor your actions accordingly.

The Role of Reflection and Feedback in a Successful Transition

One often overlooked aspect of the **first 90 days Watkins** framework is the importance of continuous reflection. Set aside time each week to review your progress against your learning and action plans. Solicit feedback from your boss, peers, and team members. Are you meeting their expectations? Have you inadvertently created misunderstandings? Use this feedback to course-correct before small issues become large problems. Watkins also advises maintaining a transition journal to capture insights, patterns, and decisions. This habit not only improves your performance but also serves as a valuable reference for future transitions.

Conclusion: Your Blueprint for a Powerful Start

The first 90 days of any leadership role are not just a period of orientation—they are a career-defining opportunity. Michael Watkins’ book has become a classic precisely because it offers a practical, research-backed blueprint for navigating this critical time. By applying the principles of the **first 90 days Watkins**, you can avoid common mistakes, accelerate your learning, build strong relationships, and secure early wins that propel you toward long-term success. Remember: transitions are not something to endure; they are something to manage deliberately. Take ownership of your first 90 days, and you will set the course for a rewarding and impactful tenure. Whether you are stepping into a C-suite role, taking over a division, or assuming a new team lead position, the wisdom of Watkins remains timeless. Invest the time upfront to understand your situation, build your network, and deliver results. Your future self—and your organization—will thank you.