

**It Can T Happen Here Sinclair  
Lewis**  
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**Lewis**

**Introduction:  
The  
Enduring  
Warning of  
Sinclair  
Lewis**

In 1935, as the world watched the rise of fascism in Europe with a mixture of horror and disbelief, one of America's most celebrated novelists posed a troubling question: could it

happen here? Sinclair Lewis answered that question with a resounding yes in his landmark novel, *It Can't Happen Here*. The book, which imagines the election of a populist demagogue who transforms the United States into a fascist state, was both a political satire and a desperate warning. Nearly a century later, the phrase **It Can T Happen Here Sinclair Lewis** has re-

entered public discourse with startling frequency, as readers and scholars alike recognize the novel's eerie prescience. This article explores the novel's historical context, its plot and characters, its major themes, and why it remains one of the most urgent works of American literature for contemporary audiences.

## Who Was Sinclair Lewis?

Before diving into the novel itself, it is worth understanding the man who wrote it. Sinclair Lewis was the first American to win the Nobel Prize in Literature, an honor he

received in 1930. He was known for his sharp, satirical critiques of American society and its institutions. Early works such as *Main Street* (1920) and *Babbitt* (1922) skewered the narrow-mindedness of small-town life and the vacuity of middle-class consumerism. Lewis had a keen eye for the hypocrisies and vulnerabilities of the American character. By the time he wrote *It Can't Happen Here*, he had already established himself as a literary force unafraid to challenge the status quo. The novel represents the culmination of his political anxieties, written at a time when democratic institutions

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## **The Historical Context of 1935**

To fully appreciate **It Can T Happen Here Sinclair Lewis** intended to convey, one must consider the historical moment of its creation. The year 1935 was a dark one. Adolf Hitler had been Chancellor of Germany for two years, and the Nazi regime was consolidating power through intimidation, propaganda, and violence. Benito Mussolini had ruled Italy for over a decade. In the United States, the Great Depression was still ravaging the economy, leaving millions unemployed and desperate. Demagogues like Huey Long, the fiery populist senator from Louisiana, were gaining national followings by promising radical redistribution of wealth. Father Charles Coughlin used radio broadcasts to spread anti-Semitic and fascist-leaning rhetoric to millions of listeners. Lewis looked at these trends and saw a dangerous recipe: economic despair, charismatic authoritarian figures, and a public willing to trade liberty for security. His novel was a direct response to this volatile atmosphere.

## Plot Overview of It Can't Happen Here

The novel follows the story of Doremus Jessup, a middle-aged, liberal newspaper editor in the fictional town of Fort Beulah, Vermont. Jessup is a thoughtful, somewhat complacent man who believes that American democracy is too strong to fall to fascism. He is proven tragically wrong. The story begins with the presidential election of 1936, in which a charismatic and ruthless populist named Berzelius "Buzz" Windrip wins

the White House. Windrip is a composite figure, drawing on elements of Huey Long, Father Coughlin, and even aspects of European fascist leaders. He presents himself as a man of the people, promising economic revival and national pride, but once in office, he swiftly dismantles democratic institutions. He establishes a paramilitary force called the Minute Men, silences the press, imprisons political opponents, and imposes a brutal dictatorship. Jessup, initially passive, is gradually drawn into the resistance. The novel traces his moral awakening and the slow, painful

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realization that liberty ordinary, decent man must be actively who believes in reason defended. The book and moderation. His does not offer a journey from passive triumphant ending; observer to active instead, it portrays a resister is the central grim and uncertain narrative arc. Through struggle, underscoring Jessup, Lewis the difficulty of illustrates how fascism resisting authoritarian triumphs not through rule once it has taken the actions of evil hold. alone, but through the inaction of good people. Jessup's initial disbelief mirrors the very title of the novel. He represents the educated, liberal middle class that failed to recognize the danger until it was too late.

### Key Characters and Their Symbolic Roles

#### **Doremus Jessup: The Ordinary Citizen**

Jessup is the heart of the novel. He is not a hero in the traditional sense; he is an

#### **Berzelius Windrip: The Demagogue**

Windrip is a masterful creation. He is not a cartoonish villain but a

disturbingly believable figure. He combines folksy charm with ruthless ambition, religious fervor with political cunning. He speaks in simple, powerful slogans. He promises to restore order and prosperity. He scapegoats minorities and intellectuals. Lewis's portrayal of Windrip is a textbook study in how demagogues operate, and it remains chillingly relevant to contemporary politics around the world.

### **Other Notable Figures**

The novel also features characters like Paul Riesling (a friend of Jessup who is broken by the regime),

Lorinda Pike (a strong-willed woman who becomes a fellow resister), and Shad Ledue (a petty thug who rises to power in the new order). Each character represents a different response to tyranny: collaboration, resistance, or silent suffering.

## **Major Themes in It Can't Happen Here**

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### **The Fragility of Democracy**

The overarching theme of the novel is that democracy is not a natural or permanent state. It is a fragile

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construct that requires power of media. In the constant vigilance, novel, Windrip's rise is informed citizens, and fueled by his skillful use of radio and propaganda. The shared commitment to democratic norms. Lewis shows how easily democratic procedures can be subverted from within. Windrip is elected fairly, but once in power, he uses legal means to dismantle the very system that elevated him. This theme is the core reason why **It Can T Happen Here Sinclair Lewis** remains so frequently discussed in modern political analysis.

### **The Role of the Media**

Lewis, a journalist and novelist, had a profound understanding of the

### **Complacency and Complicity**

The novel is a sharp indictment of those who stand by and do nothing. Many characters rationalize the regime's abuses, telling themselves that things are not so bad,

that order is more important than freedom, or that resistance is futile. Lewis shows that such complacency is a form of complicity. The title *It Can't Happen Here* becomes a bitter irony, representing the very denial that allows tyranny to flourish.

### **The Seduction of Authoritarianism**

Lewis does not present fascism as something that is simply imposed from above. He shows how it appeals to people's fears, prejudices, and desires for security and belonging. Windrip promises to "make America strong" and to restore a mythical golden age. He gives people someone to

blame for their troubles. The novel forces readers to recognize that authoritarianism can be attractive, especially in times of crisis.

### **Literary Style and Structure**

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*It Can't Happen Here* is written in Lewis's characteristic satirical style, but the tone darkens as the plot progresses. The early chapters are almost humorous in their depiction of small-town American life and the absurdity of political campaigning. As the regime tightens its grip, the humor becomes bitter, and the atmosphere

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becomes claustrophobic and menacing. Lewis uses a documentary-like approach, interspersing the narrative with fictional newspaper headlines, political speeches, and official decrees. This technique adds a sense of verisimilitude, making the story feel like a historical account rather than a work of fiction. The structure effectively mirrors the slow, creeping normalization of authoritarian rule.

## Reception and Historical Impact

Upon its release in October 1935, *It Can't*

*Happen Here* was a massive commercial success and a critical sensation. It sold over 94,000 copies in its first few weeks. The novel was adapted into a stage play that opened in 21 cities simultaneously, a unique event in American theater history. The play resonated powerfully with audiences who were witnessing the rise of fascism abroad and worrying about similar trends at home. However, the novel also faced censorship. In some countries, it was banned. In Nazi Germany, it was burned. Even in the United States, school libraries in conservative communities removed it from their shelves.

This reaction only proved Lewis's point: authoritarian regimes fear the power of critical ideas.

## Why the Novel Matters Today

The resurgence of interest in **It Can T Happen Here** by **Sinclair Lewis** in the 21st century is not accidental. Political polarization, economic inequality, the erosion of trust in institutions, the rise of populist movements, and the spread of disinformation have created conditions that many scholars and commentators find disturbingly similar to

the world of the novel. Readers are drawn to the book not merely as a historical artifact but as a lens through which to understand their own times.

- **Relevance to Modern Populism:** The playbook used by Windrip is recognizable in the rhetoric of contemporary leaders who attack the press, vilify immigrants, and promise to "drain the swamp."
- **Lessons for Civic Engagement:** The novel serves as a powerful reminder that democratic institutions

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require active participation. It warns against the assumption that "it can't happen here."

- **A Tool for Critical Thinking:** The book encourages readers to question authority, recognize propaganda, and understand the mechanisms of political manipulation.

readers find the novel too long and meandering, with a pace that can feel slow by modern standards. Others argue that Lewis's portrayal of his characters lacks psychological depth, that they are more types than fully realized individuals. Additionally, some feminist critics have noted that the female characters, while present, are not as richly developed as their male counterparts. Finally, the novel's ending, which is deliberately open and unresolved, can be frustrating for readers seeking closure. These limitations are worth acknowledging, but they do not diminish the novel's importance

## Criticisms and Limitations

No work is without its flaws, and *It Can't Happen Here* has received its share of criticism. Some

or its power as a political warning.

## The Legacy of a Warning

The legacy of *It Can't Happen Here* is that of a cautionary tale that refuses to age. It has been adapted for television, radio, and stage multiple times. It is frequently cited in political commentary and academic discourse. The phrase "it can't happen here" has become a shorthand for the dangerous assumption that democracy is invulnerable. The novel has inspired other works, from Margaret Atwood's *The Handmaid's Tale* to Philip Roth's *The Plot*

*Against America*, each exploring similar themes of democratic breakdown from different angles. Lewis's novel stands as a foundational text in the literature of political dystopia, a distinctly American counterpart to works like George Orwell's *Nineteen Eighty-Four*.

## Conclusion: The Uncomfortable Truth

Sinclair Lewis wrote *It Can't Happen Here* as a warning to his fellow citizens. He wanted to shake them out of their complacency and force them to confront the possibility that the freedoms they took for

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granted could be lost. **Sinclair Lewis** is not merely the title of a classic novel. It is a challenge, a reminder, and a call to vigilance. As long as democratic societies exist, the questions raised by this book will remain urgent. For anyone seeking to understand the fragility of freedom, *It Can't Happen Here* is not just a great novel. It is a necessary one.

**It Can T Happen Here**